



Autonomous Inland Vessels

Sim Turf – Chairman UNECE WP on IWT Region of Flanders Department of Mobility and Public Works 5th MASRWG Conference, London January, 16th 2020



United Nations Economic Commission for Europe

- One of the five UN Regional Commissions
- Inland Transport Committee
 - Working Party on Inland Water Transport
 - \rightarrow Harmonization of pan-European IWT-regulation



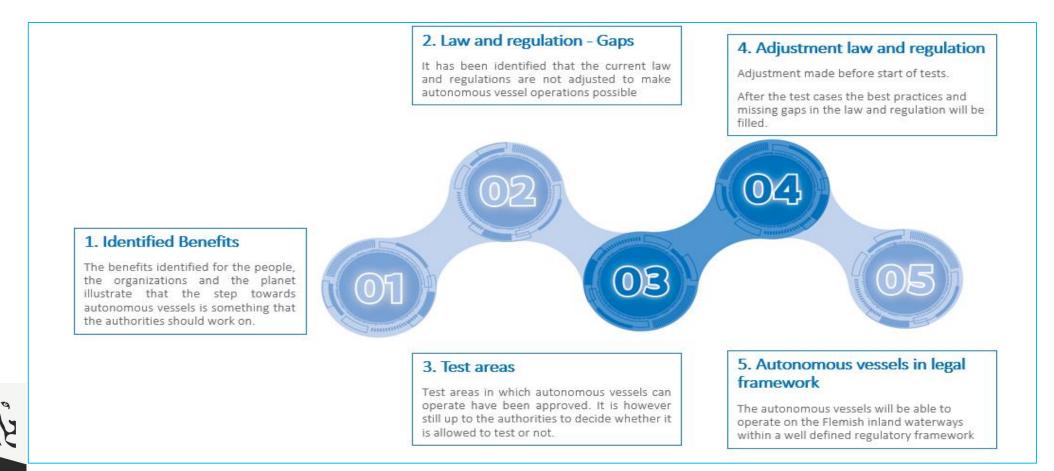
Autonomous inland vessels in Flanders

Smart Shipping Program

- \rightarrow Smart Vessels
- \rightarrow Smart Infrastructure
- \rightarrow Smart Communication
- \rightarrow Smart Regulation



Flemish approach - Regulation



Flanders State of the Art

Step 1: Indentified benefits

Increased safety

- Reduction of crew-related costs
- Possible introduction of new bussiness models
- Support of the modal shift from road to water
- ▶

• The indetified benefits illustrate that the step towards autonomous vessels is something the authorities should work on



Step 2: Law and regulation - gaps

Crew member regulation

- \rightarrow It is under no circumstance allowed for any type of vessel to sail without any crewmember on board
- Traffic regulation
 - → The general traffic regulation including the General Police regulation for vessels on inland waterways contain several rules from which cannot be deviated
- Dangerous goods
 - \rightarrow The transportation of dangerous goods on water has to comply with several strict rules



Step 3: Test area

- The Flemish waterway network = test area for unmannded vessels
- Test area:
 - \rightarrow To support the development of new technologies
 - \rightarrow To use the results as input for the adjustment of the legal framework
- Code of conduct
 - \rightarrow Strict rules
 - \rightarrow Limited in time
 - \rightarrow Well defined section of the waterway



Step 4: Adjustment law and regulation

Adjustments made before start of the test

- After the test cases the missing gaps in the law will be filled in
- Continuous repetition of step 3 (test area) and step 4 (adjustement law and regulation)



Step 5: autonomous vessels in legal framework

• The ultimate objective is to create a legal framework that supports the **commercial** use of autonomous vessels in inland navigation

- \rightarrow Need for international cooperation
 - \times Central Commission for Navigation of the Rhine (CCNR)
 - × United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (UNECE)



CCNR: Definition of levels of automation in inland navigation

Level	Name	Vessel command	Monitoring and responding to navigational environment	Fall-back performance of dynamic navigation tasks
Ο	NO AUTOMATION			
1	STEERING ASSISTANCE			
2	PARTIAL AUTOMATION	2 🚖		
З	CONDITIONAL AUTOMATION			
4	HIGH AUTOMATION			
5	Full automation			

Flanders State of the Art

Definition of levels of automation in inland navigation

Level	Name	Vessel command	Monitoring and responding to navigational environment	Fall-back performance of dynamic navigation tasks
Ο	NO AUTOMATION	Helmsman performs part or all of the dynamic navigation tasks.		
1	STEERING ASSISTANCE			
2	PARTIAL AUTOMATION		tasks.	
3	CONDITIONAL AUTOMATION	System performs the entire		
4	HIGH AUTOMATION	dynamic navigation tasks (when engaged).		
5	Full automation			

Flanders State of the Art

CCNR Police Regulation

- Scoping exercise of the CCNR Police Regulation
- Indentify all the possible bottlencks
- Two assumptions
 - \rightarrow Captain is not on board but standby in an onshore control centre
 - \rightarrow The vessel is fully automated (level 5)



UNECE – Working Party on Inland Water Transport

• Workshop "Autonomous shipping and inland navigation"

- **Resolution** "Enhancing international cooperation to support the development of smart shipping on inland waterways"
- Road map for the international cooperation aimed at the promotion and development of smart shipping on inland waterways



UNECE – Roadmap

• Action 1: Introducing harmonized definitions of autonomy levels

- Action 2: Review of UNECE resolutions, int. conventions and agreements
- Action 3: Harmonizing approaches for creating a basis for the deployment of smart shipping
- Action 4: Digitalization
- Action 5: Ensuring data protection, cybersecurity, adressing the liability concerns and other relevent issues
- Action 6: Social impact of automation: manning requirements, education and training
- Action 7: Assisting governments, contributing to capacity building and awereness raising, organizing workshops and round tables







Thank you for your attention!

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